**Main Ideas**

* The Industrial Revolution featured a shift from handmade to machine made goods. It also drew the rising population to the cities looking for work.
* The Industrial Revolution began in the British textile industry, aided by its natural resources, new inventions, trade wealth, and growing population.
* Dreary working conditions produced a flood of affordable goods, and eventually higher wages, gradually improving the standards of living in Europe.
* The continent steadily industrialized after 1815 with varying degrees of government support.

**Key Terms, People, and Events**

Proletarians

Industrial Revolution

James Hargreaves

Richard Arkwright

James Watt

Coke

“The Rocket”

Crystal Palace

Thomas Malthus

David Ricardo

John Cockerill

Fritz Harkort

Friedrich List

Zollverein

Economic Nationalism

Credit Mobilier

Class-Consciousness

William Blake

William Wordsworth

Luddites

Friedrich Engels

Robert Owen

Factory Act of 1833

Division of Labor

Mines Act of 1842

Combination Acts of 1799

Grand National Consolidated Trade Union

Chartist Movement

For the Test: (This list covers most, not all, of the material on the test)

Be able to Identify the following terms (Briefly describe and explain the historical significance)

* Industrial Revolution
* Crystal Palace
* Iron Law of Wages
* Economic Nationalism
* Class-Consciousness
* Factory Act of 1833
* Mines Act of 1842

Multiple Choice

* What was Malthus’ argument?
* What did the Brits build that added to their navigable waterways?
* What power source did the Brits run short of before switching to coal?
* During what decade did the Industrial Revolution begin in Britain?
* The early textile industry was beset by a shortage of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_?
* What industry was the first to industrialize?
* What were the consequences of the industrial changes in the textile industry?
* What factors of production fostered the Industrial Revolution in Britain?
* What were early steam engines used for?
* What difficulties were faced by continental economies in competing with Britain?
* What invention powered the Industrial Revolution?
* What was used to fuel furnaces in iron factories?
* What percentage of the world’s industrial output was produced by Britain around 1860?
* What was the purpose of the Crystal Palace?
* What concept did Friederich List promote?
* What European county was the slowest to industrialize?
* Who were the Luddites?
* Describe the role of continental governments in Railroad construction.